

# PicoScope<sup>®</sup> 3000 Series USB oscilloscopes

60 to 250 MHz analog bandwidth Up to 1 GS/s real-time sampling 2 or 4 analog channels MSO models with 16 digital channels Built-in function generator and AWG Up to 512 MS buffer memory Hardware-accelerated update rates USB connected and powered

> Automatic measurements Mask limit testing Advanced triggers Serial decoding Maths channels Spectrum analyzer

Free technical support and updates Free SDK and example programs 5 year warrranty included

www.picotech.com

### Power, portability, and performance

The PicoScope 3000 Series USB-powered PC oscilloscopes are small, light, and portable, while offering a range of highperformance specifications required by engineers in the lab or on the move.

These oscilloscopes offer 2 or 4 analog channels, plus an additional 16 digital channels on the MSO models. The flexible, high-resolution display options enable you to view and analyze each signal in fine detail.

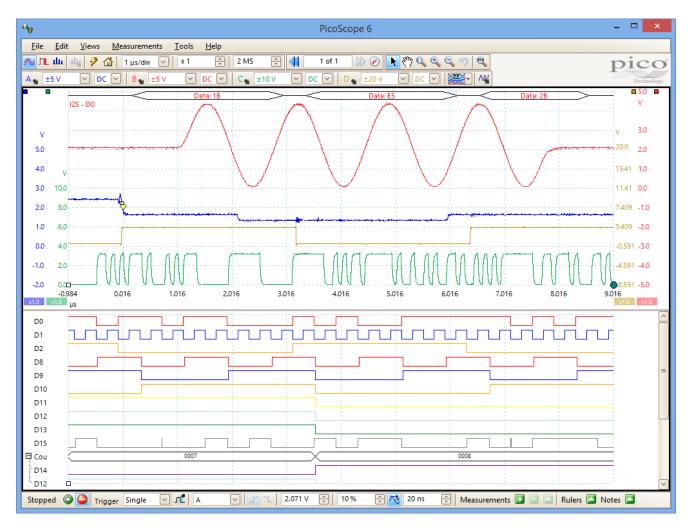
Supported by the advanced PicoScope 6 software, these devices offer an ideal, cost-effective package for many applications, including embedded systems design, research, test, education, service, and repair.



### High bandwidth and sampling rate

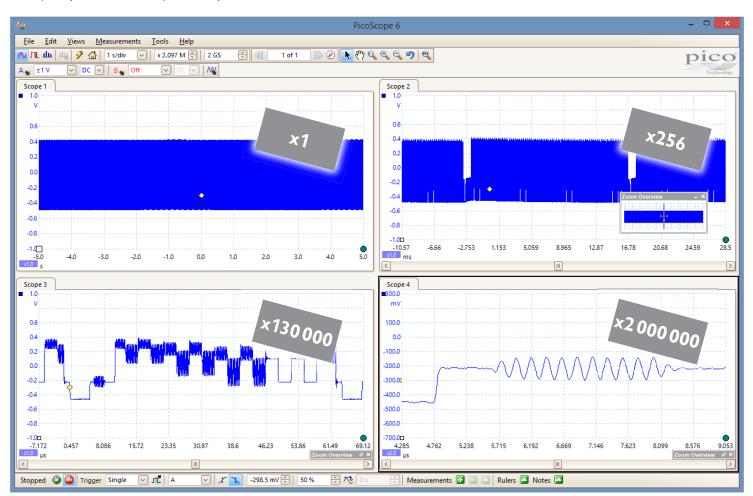
Despite a compact size and low cost, there is no compromise on performance. With input bandwidths up to 250 MHz, the PicoScope 3000 Series scopes can be used for a wide range of signal types from DC and baseband into RF and all the way up to VHF.

This is matched by a real-time sampling rate of up to 1 GS/s, allowing detailed display of high frequencies. For repetitive signals, the maximum effective sampling rate can be boosted to 10 GS/s by using Equivalent Time Sampling (ETS) mode. With a sampling rate of four or five times the input bandwidth, PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes are well equipped to capture high-frequency signal detail.



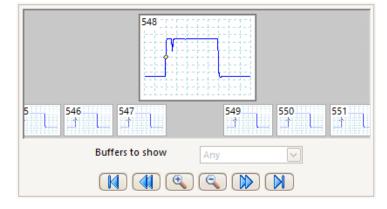
### Deep memory

The PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes are also market leaders in offering a huge buffer memory, allowing them to sustain their high sampling rates across long timebases. For example, using a 512 MS buffer the PicoScope 3207B can sample at 1 GS/s all the way down to 50 ms/div (a 500 ms total capture time).



Powerful tools are included to allow you to manage and examine all of this data. As well as functions such as mask limit testing and color persistence mode, the PicoScope 6 software enables you to zoom into your waveform by several million times. A zoom overview window allows you to easily control the size and location of the zoom area.

Up to 10 000 waveforms can be stored in the segmented waveform buffer. The Buffer Overview window then allows you to rewind and review the history of your waveform. No longer will you struggle to catch an infrequent glitch.



# PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes - overview

PicoScope model	USB 2.0	USB 3.0	AWG*	Bandwidth	Buffer memory	Max. sampling rate
3204A	•			60 MHz	4 MS	500 MS/s
3204B	•		•	60 MHz	8 MS	500 MS/s
3205A	•			100 MHz	16 MS	500 MS/s
3205B	•		•	100 MHz	32 MS	500 MS/s
3206A	•			200 MHz	64 MS	500 MS/s
3206B	•		•	200 MHz	128 MS	500 MS/s
3207A		•		250 MHz	256 MS	1 GS/s
3207B		•	•	250 MHz	512 MS	1 GS/s



2 analog channels

\* Arbitrary waveform generator

PicoScope model	USB 2.0	USB 3.0	AWG*	Bandwidth	Buffer memory	Max. sampling rate
3404A	•			60 MHz	4 MS	1 GS/s
3404B	•		•	60 MHz	8 MS	1 GS/s
3405A	•			100 MHz	16 MS	1 GS/s
3405B	•		•	100 MHz	32 MS	1 GS/s
3406A	•			200 MHz	64 MS	1 GS/s
3406B	•		•	200 MHz	128 MS	1 GS/s



4 analog channels

PicoScope model	USB 2.0	USB 3.0	AWG*	Bandwidth	Buffer memory	Max. sampling rate
3204D MSO		•	•	60 MHz	128 MS	1 GS/s
3205D MSO		•	•	100 MHz	256 MS	1 GS/s
3206D MSO		•	•	200 MHz	512 MS	1 GS/s
3404D MSO		•	•	60 MHz	128 MS	1 GS/s
3405D MSO		•	•	100 MHz	256 MS	1 GS/s
3406D MSO		•	•	200 MHz	512 MS	1 GS/s



2 / 4 analog channels 16 digital channels

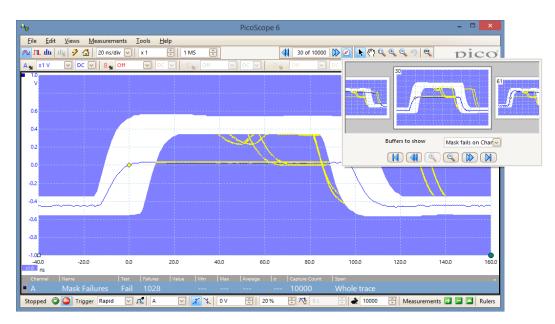
### Triggers

Since 1991 Pico Technology have been pioneering the use of digital triggering and precision hysteresis using the actual digitized data. Traditionally digital oscilloscopes have used an analog trigger architecture based on comparators. This can cause time and amplitude errors that cannot always be calibrated out. The use of comparators often limits the trigger sensitivity at high bandwidths and can also create a long trigger rearm delay.

Simple Edge Advanced Edge Window Pulse Width W Interval Window Pulse Width W, Level Dropout W, Window Dropout Runt Logic	A     B     Ext       Image: Constraint of the second sec	Logic AND AND OR NOR XOR XOR XNOR
	Trigger when the signal levels of all the selected chan chosen logic condition at the same time.	hels agree with the Help Close

PicoScopes broke new ground back in 1991 by being the first to use digital triggering. This method reduces errors and allows our oscilloscopes to trigger on the smallest signals, even at the full bandwidth. Trigger levels and hysteresis can be set with high precision and resolution.

Digital triggering also reduces rearm delay and this, combined with the segmented memory, allows the triggering and capture of events that happen in rapid sequence. At the fastest timebase you can use rapid triggering to collect 10,000 waveforms in under 20 milliseconds. The mask limit testing function can then scan through these waveforms to highlight any failed waveforms for viewing in the waveform buffer.

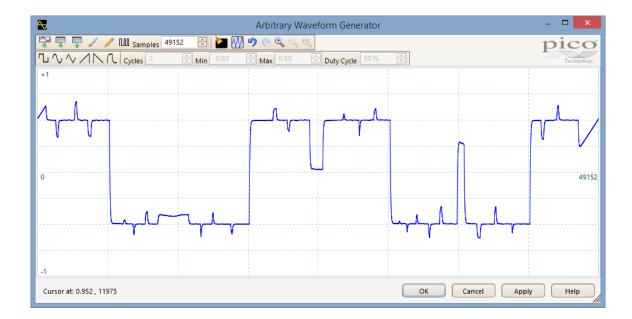


#### Function generator

All of the PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes include a built-in function generator with sine, square, triangle, and DC modes as standard. As well as basic controls to set level, offset and frequency, more advanced controls allow you to sweep over a range of frequencies and trigger the generator from a specified event. Combined with the spectrum peak hold option, this becomes a powerful tool for testing amplifier and filter responses. The 3000 Series B and D models also include the capability to generate white noise and pseudo-random binary sequence (PRBS) outputs.

#### Arbitrary waveform generator

Selected PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes include a built-in arbitrary waveform generator (AWG). With a majority of oscilloscopes, you would need to purchase separate hardware to gain this functionality, taking up extra space on your workbench.



The AWG can be used to emulate missing sensor signals during product development, or to stress test a design over the full intended operating range.

Waveforms can be created or modified using the AWG editor, imported from oscilloscope traces, or loaded from a spreadsheet; as the hardware is integrated, these tasks can be performed instantly and easily.



#### Hardware acceleration and data aggregation

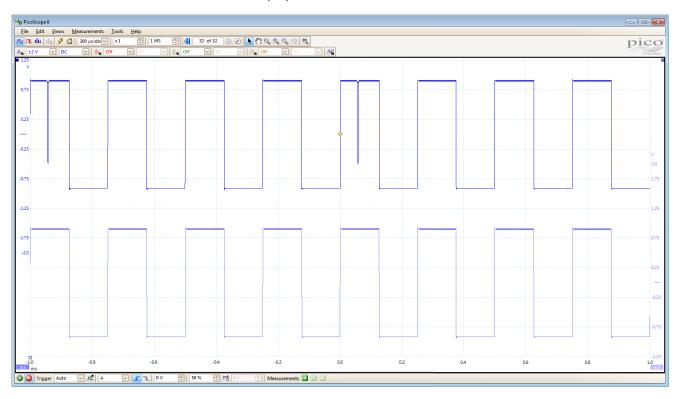
For a majority of setups, the data collection speed of the PicoScope will be faster than the USB transfer rate, and so information has to be stored in high-speed memory on the device. However, even deep-memory devices are required to have fast waveform update rates. For instance, the PicoScope 3207B can sample at 1 GS/s for timebases as long as 20 ms/div, capturing 200 million samples per waveform, and still update several times per second.

1 GS

To ensure these fast waveform update rates, and to prevent a bottleneck of raw data, hardware acceleration is required to avoid the PC's CPU having to process every sample. Hardware acceleration enables the oscilloscope to intelligently compress the raw ADC data stored in its memory before transferring it to the PC.

Traditionally, the oscilloscope would perform a simple decimation and only transfer every nth sample, resulting in the vast majority of data being lost (up to 99.999%) and a lack of high-frequency information.

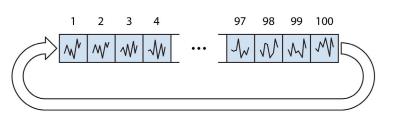
PicoScope deep-memory oscilloscopes perform data aggregation instead. Dedicated logic divides the memory into blocks, and transfers the minimum and maximum values of each block to the PC, preserving the high-frequency data. For example, a waveform with 100 million samples may be divided into 1 000 blocks of 100 000 samples each, with only the minimum and maximum values for each block being transferred back to the PC. If a zoom is applied to the waveform, the oscilloscope will again divide the selected area into blocks and transfer the minimum and maximum data, so that fine detail is rapidly viewable.



In the example above, both waveforms show the same signal, but using different types of hardware acceleration. The top waveform has used the aggregation possible with a PicoScope, and as a result the high-frequency spikes are preserved. The bottom waveform has used traditional decimation, and shows a loss of signal data.

In parallel with the data aggregation, other data such as average values are also returned to speed up measurements and to reduce the number of occasions where we do have to use the PC's processor.

When the trace length is set to be shorter than the scope's memory, the PicoScope will automatically configure the memory as a circular buffer, recording recent waveforms for review. For example, if 1 million samples are captured, up to 500 waveforms



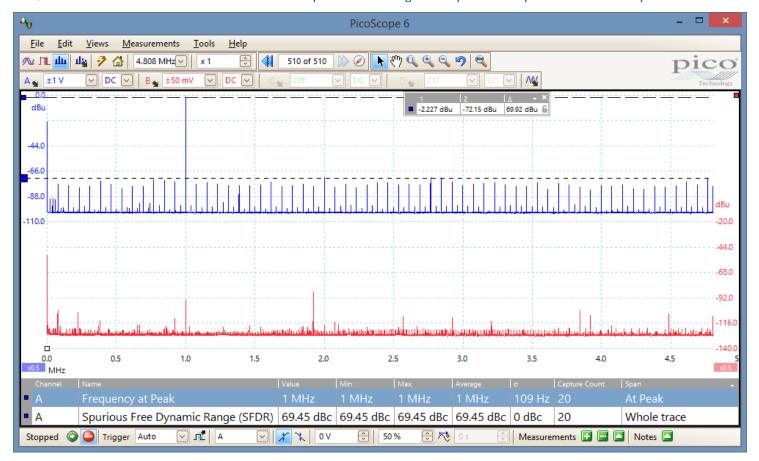
will be stored in oscilloscope memory. Tools such as mask limit testing can then be used to scan through each waveform to identify anomalies.

Furthermore, as the hardware acceleration is performed with an FPGA, improvements to your scope's hardware can be made through regular, free software upgrades: no physical updates to your PicoScope are required.

#### Spectrum analyzer

With the click of a button you can display a spectrum plot of selected channels up to the full bandwidth of the oscilloscope. A full range of settings gives you control over the number of spectrum bands, window types, and display modes (instantaneous, average, or peak-hold).

You can display multiple spectrum views with different channel selections and zoom factors, and place these alongside time-domain views of the same data. A comprehensive set of automatic frequency-domain measurements can be added to the display, including THD, THD+N, SNR, SINAD and IMD. You can even use the AWG and spectrum mode together to perform swept scalar network analysis.



### Signal integrity

Most oscilloscopes are built down to a price. PicoScopes are built up to a specification.

Careful front-end design and shielding reduces noise, crosstalk and harmonic distortion. Years of oscilloscope design experience can be seen in improved bandwidth flatness and low distortion. We are proud of the dynamic performance of our products, and publish their specifications in detail.

The result is simple: when you probe a circuit, you can trust in the waveform you see on the screen.





### **USB** connectivity

The USB connection not only allows high-speed data acquisition and transfer, but also makes printing, copying, saving, and emailing your data from the field quick and easy. USB powering removes the need to carry around a bulky external power supply, making the kit even more portable for the engineer on the move.

Selected PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes now also feature a SuperSpeed USB 3.0 connection, making the already-optimized process of data transfer even faster.



Further benefits of a USB 3.0 connection include faster saving of waveforms and faster gap-free continuous streaming of up to

125 MS/s when using the SDK, while the scope is still backward-compatible with older USB systems.

### High-end features as standard

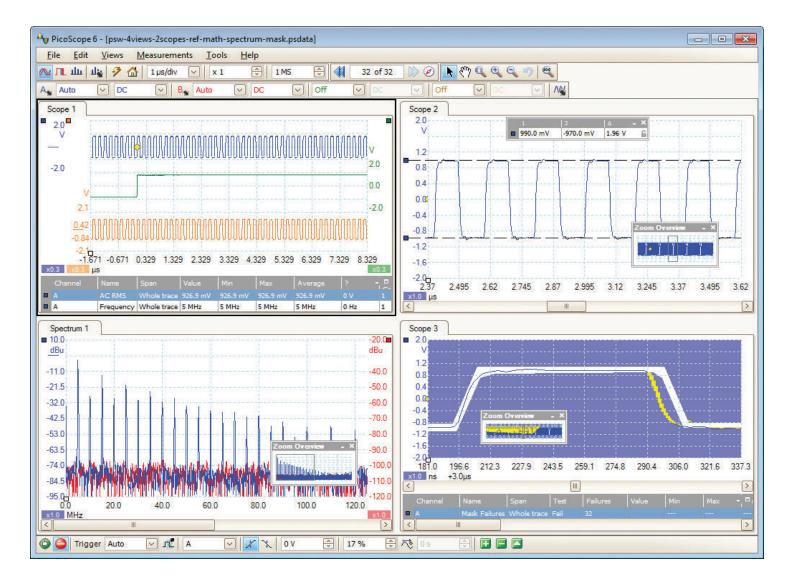
Buying a PicoScope is not like making a purchase from other oscilloscope companies, where optional extras considerably increase the price. With our scopes, high-end features such as resolution enhancement, mask limit testing, serial decoding, advanced triggering, automatic measurements, math channels, XY mode, segmented memory, and a signal generator are all included in the price.

To protect your investment, both the PC software and firmware inside the scope can be updated. Pico Technology have a long history of providing new features for free through software downloads. We deliver on our promises of future enhancements year after year, unlike many other companies in the field. Users of our products reward us by becoming lifelong customers and frequently recommending us to their colleagues.

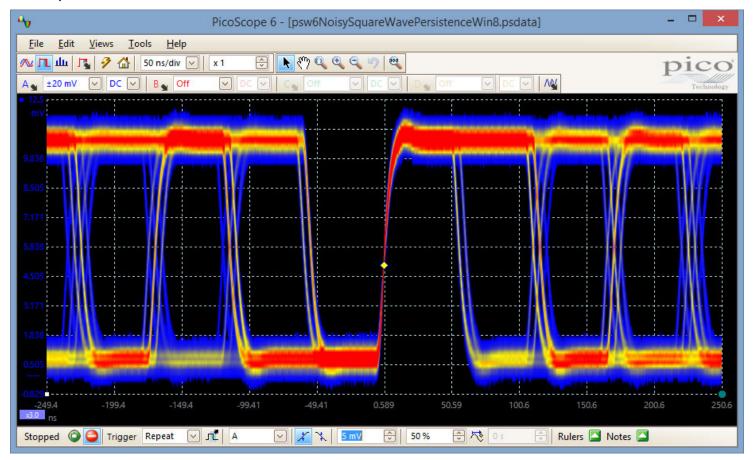
### Advanced display

The PicoScope software dedicates almost all of the display area to the waveform. This ensures that the maximum amount of data is seen at once. Even with a laptop the viewing area is much bigger and of a higher resolution than with a typical benchtop scope.

With a large display area available, you can also create a customizable split-screen display, and view multiple channels or different variants of the same signal at the same time. As the example below shows, the software can even show both oscilloscope and spectrum analyzer traces at once. Additionally, each waveform shown works with individual zoom, pan, and filter settings for ultimate flexibility.



### Color persistence mode



Color persistence mode allows you to see old and new data superimposed, with new data in a brighter color or shade. This makes it easy to see glitches and dropouts and to estimate their relative frequency. Choose between analog persistence and digital color, or create custom display modes.

### Math channels

With PicoScope 6 you can perform a variety of mathematical calculations on your input signals and reference waveforms.

Use the built-in list for simple functions such as addition and inversion, or open the equation editor and create complex functions involving trigonometry, exponentials, logarithms, statistics, integrals and derivatives.

Ŷv	Math Channel Wizard
Enter the	equation for this Maths Channel.
•	CE C 
	j         Abadres <           gt         Ary         In         Bob         free         7         8         9           gt         Ary         In         Bob         free         7         8         9           gtm         Ary         Bob         free         7         8         9           gtm         Ary         Ary         4         5         6           gtm         Ary         4         5         6
Help	e Back Nexts Cancel

### Custom probe settings

Custom probes allow you to correct for gain, attenuation, offsets and nonlinearities of probes and transducers, or convert to different measurement units such as current, power or temperature. Definitions for standard Pico-supplied probes are built in, but you can also create your own using linear scaling or even an interpolated data table, and save them for later use.

### Serial decoding

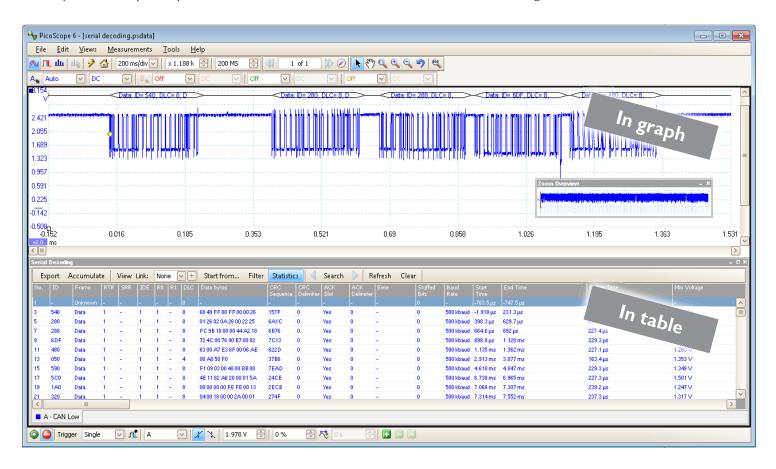
The deep-memory PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes include serial decoding capability across all channels, and are ideal for this job as they can capture thousands of frames of uninterrupted data.

The decoded data can be displayed in the format of your choice: In graph, In table, or both at once.

• *In graph* format shows the decoded data beneath the waveform on a common time axis, with error frames marked in red. These frames can be zoomed to investigate noise or distortion.

• *In table* format shows a list of the decoded frames, including the data and all flags and identifiers. You can set up filtering conditions to display only the frames you are interested in, search for frames with specified properties, or define a start pattern to signal when the program should list the data.

PicoScope can also import a spreadsheet to decode the numerical data into user-defined text strings.



### High-speed data acquisition and digitizer

The supplied drivers and software development kit (SDK) allows you to write your own software or interface to popular third-party software packages such as National Instruments LabVIEW and MathWorks MATLAB.

The driver supports data streaming, a mode which captures gap-free continuous data over USB direct to the PC's RAM or hard disk at rates of up to 125 MS/s and capture sizes limited only by available PC storage. Sampling rates in streaming mode are subject to PC specifications and application loading.

Serial protocols

UART/RS-232

SPI

I<sup>2</sup>C

CAN

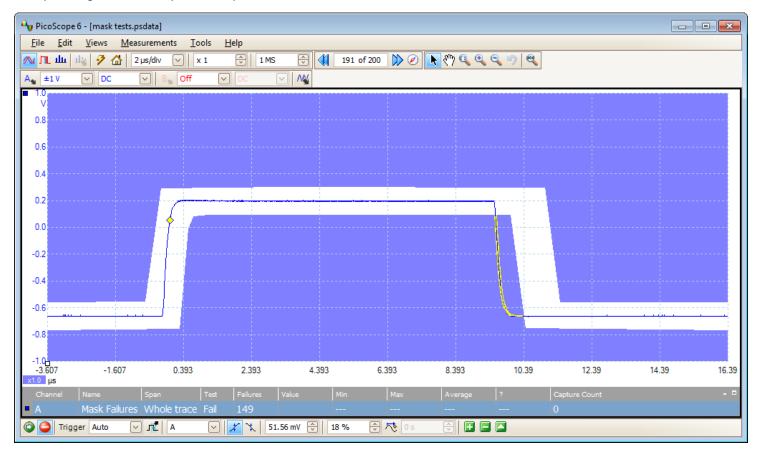
LIN

FlexRay

### Mask limit testing

Mask limit testing allows you to compare live signals against known good signals, and is designed for production and debugging environments. Simply capture a known good signal, draw a mask around it, and then attach the system under test. PicoScope will capture any intermittent glitches and can show a failure count and other statistics in the Measurements window.

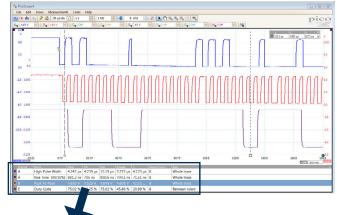
The numerical and graphical mask editors can be used separately or in combination, allowing you to enter accurate mask specifications, modify existing masks, and import and export masks as files.



### Automatic measurements

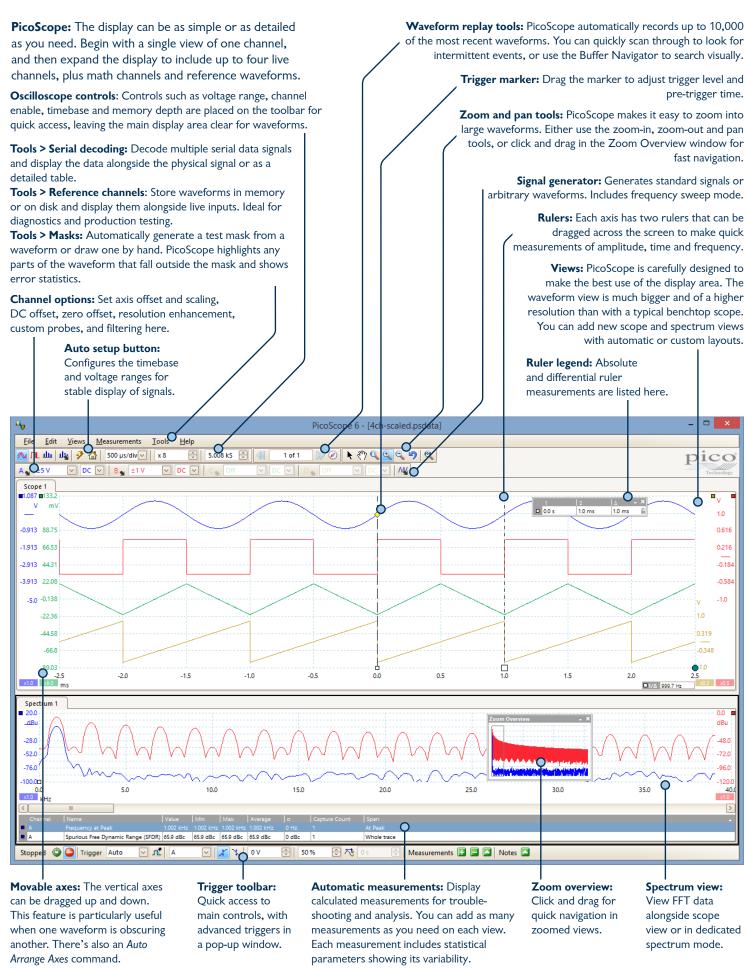
PicoScope allows you to display a table of calculated measurements for troubleshooting and analysis.

Using the built-in measurement statistics you can see the average, standard deviation, maximum and minimum of each measurement as well as the live value. You can add as many measurements as you need on each view. For information on the measurements available in scope and spectrum modes, see *Automatic Measurements* in the *Specifications* table.



Channel	Name	Value	Min	Max	Average
Α	High Pulse Width	4.242 µs	4.239 µs	15.19 µs	7.272 µs
Α	Rise Time [90/10%]	881.2 ns	705 ns	890.6 ns	799.1 ns
	Peak To Peak	4.639 V	4.525 V	4.649 V	4.609 V
E	Duty Cycle	75.02 %	22.25 %	75.02 %	45.86 %

# PicoScope 6 software with analog signals



# Mixed-signal oscilloscopes

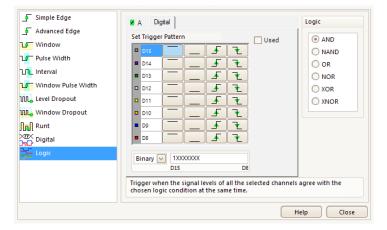
The PicoScope 3000 Series Mixed-Signal Oscilloscopes (MSOs) include 16 digital inputs alongside the standard 2 or 4 analog channels, so that you can view your digital and analog signals simultaneously.

These models include the same features as other PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes, such as SuperSpeed USB 3.0 connectivity, deep memory, and a built-in arbitrary waveform generator, as well as functions such as mask limit testing, math and reference channels, advanced triggers, serial decoding, and automatic measurements.



### Digital triggers

The PicoScope 3000 Series MSO models offer a comprehensive set of advanced triggers covering both the analog and digital inputs, to help you capture the data you need.



As well as simple edge triggers, a selection of time-based triggers are available for both digital and analog inputs.

- The pulse-width trigger allows you to trigger on either "high" or "low" pulses, which are shorter or longer than a specified time, or which fall inside or outside a range of times.
- The interval trigger measures the time between subsequent rising or falling edges. This allows you to trigger if a clock signal falls outside of an acceptable frequency range, for example.
- The dropout trigger fires when a signal stops toggling for a defined interval of time, functioning rather like a watchdog timer.

Logic triggering allows you to trigger the scope when any or all of the 16 digital inputs match a user-defined pattern. You can specify a condition for each channel individually, or set up a pattern for all channels at once using a hexadecimal or binary value. You can also combine logic triggering with an edge trigger on any one of the digital or analog inputs, to trigger on data values in a clocked parallel bus for example.

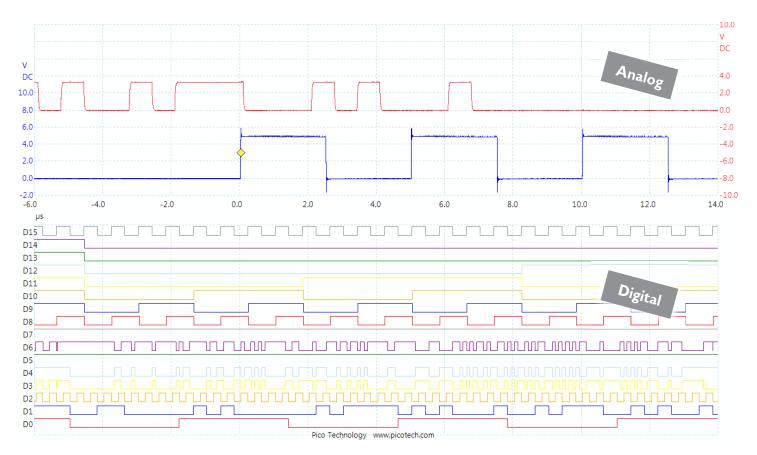
### Serial decoding for digital signals

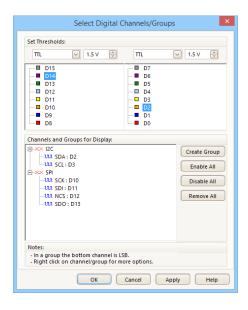
The PicoScope 3000 Series MSO models bring extra power to the serial decoding features outlined in *Serial decoding for analog signals*. You can decode serial data on all analog and digital inputs simultaneously, giving you up to 20 channels of data with any combination of serial protocols!



### Digital channels

To view the digital signals in the PicoScope 6 software, simply click the digital channels button. Channels can be added to the view by dragging and dropping, and can then be reordered, grouped, and renamed.





The 16 digital inputs can be displayed individually or in arbitrary groups labelled with binary, decimal or hexadecimal values. A separate logic threshold from -5 V to +5 V can be defined for each 8-bit input port. The digital trigger can be activated by any bit pattern combined with an optional transition on any input.

Advanced logic triggers can be set on either the analog or the digital input channels, or both.

# PicoScope 6 software with digital signals

The flexibility of the PicoScope 6 software interface allows highresolution viewing of up to 16 digital and 4 analog signals at once. You can use the whole of your PC's display to view the waveforms, ensuring you never miss a detail again.



into fields and then display as an analog level. **Display format:** Display selected bits individually or as groups in numerical or ASCII format.

# Application examples

#### Testing on the move

The PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes slip easily into a laptop bag, so you don't need to carry bulky benchtop instruments to perform on-site troubleshooting. Being powered via a USB connection, your PicoScope can simply be plugged into your laptop and used for measuring wherever you are. The PC connection also makes saving and sharing your data quick and easy: in a matter of seconds you can save your scope traces to review later, or attach the complete data file to an email for analysis by other engineers away from the test site. As PicoScope 6 is free to download by anyone, colleagues can use the full capabilities of the software, such as serial decoding and spectrum analysis, without needing an oscilloscope themselves.

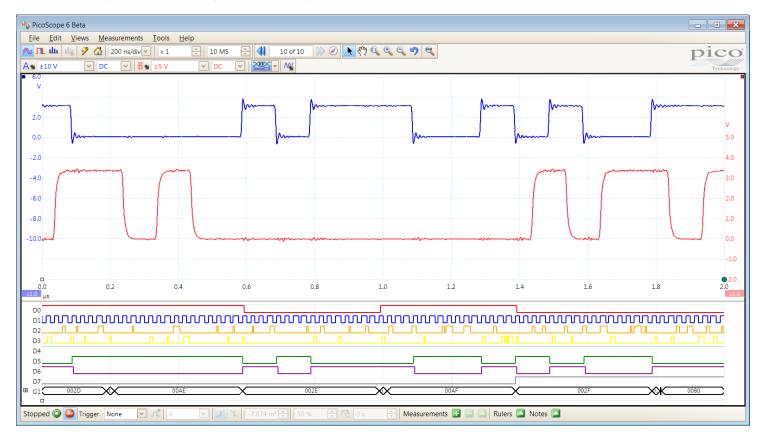
#### Embedded debugging

You can test and debug a complete signal-processing chain using a PicoScope 3406D MSO.

Use the built-in arbitrary waveform generator (AWG) to inject single-shot or continuous analog signals. The response of your system can then be observed in both the analog domain, using the four 200 MHz input channels, and in the digital domain with 16 digital inputs at up to 100 MHz. Follow the analog signal through the system while simultaneously using the built-in serial decoding function to view the output of an I<sup>2</sup>C or SPI ADC.

If your system drives a DAC in response to the analog input changing, you can decode the  $I^2C$  or SPI communication to that as well as its analog output. This can all be performed simultaneously using the 16 digital and 4 analog channels.

Using the deep 512 MS buffer memory, you can capture the complete response of your system without sacrificing the sampling rate, and zoom in on the captured data to find glitches and other points of interest.



### Detailed specifications for 2-channel models PicoScope 3204 A/B PicoScope 3205 A/B

	PicoScope	3204 A/B	PicoScope	3205 A/B	PicoScope	3206 A/B	PicoScope	3207 A/B
Vertical								
Input channels			2	channels, BN	IC single-ende	d		
Bandwidth (–3 dB)	60 I	MHz	100	MHz	200	MHz	250	MHz
Rise time (calculated)	5.8	3 ns	3.5	5 ns	1.7.	5 ns	1.4	ns
Vertical resolution				8 ł	oits			
Input ranges			±50 r	mV to ±20 V f	full scale in 9 r	anges		
Input sensitivity			10 mV/	div to 4 V/div	/ (10 vertical c	livisions)		
Input coupling				AC /	/ DC			
Input characteristics			1 MΩ	±1%, in paral	lel with 13 pF	±1 pF		
DC accuracy				±3% of	full scale			
Analog offset range (vertical position adjust)			±2	2.5 V (500 m <sup>v</sup>	to 200 mV ra V to 2 V range o 20 V ranges)	es)		
Offset adjust accuracy			±1% of of	fset setting, ad	dditional to DO	C accuracy		
Overvoltage protection				±100 V (DC	C + AC peak)			
Horizontal								
Maximum sampling rate			500 MS/s (1 o	channel in use	)			ch. in use)
(real-time)			250 MS/s (2 c	hannels in use	e)		500 MS/s (2	2 chs. in use)
Maximum equivalent-time sampling rate	2.5	GS/s	5.6	iS/s	10 (	GS/s	10 (	GS/s
(repetitive signals)	2.5	05/3	50	15/ 3	10 0	JO/ 3	10 0	3/3
Maximum sampling rate (streaming)			0 MS/s in Picc using the supp				softv 125 MS/s supplie	PicoScope ware when using ed SDK pendent)
Timebase ranges (real-time)	2 ns/div to	5000 s/div		5000 s/div	. ,	o 5000 s/div	. /	o 5000 s/div
Buffer memory	4 MS (A model)	8 MS (B model)	16 MS (A model)	32 MS (B model)	64 MS (A model)	128 MS (B model)	256 MS (A model)	512 MS (B model)
Buffer memory					Scope softwar			
(streaming)			Up to availab		y when using :	supplied SDK		
Maximum buffer segments			. 50		000			1
Timebase accuracy				ppm			±2 ppm ±1	••• ••
Sample jitter			< 5 ps Ki	1S typical			< 3 ps Ki	1S typical
Triggering								
Trigger modes					rapid (segmer			
Advanced trigger types	Edge, wir	•	idth, window	•	•	•		runt pulse
Trigger sensitivity		Digital t	riggering prov			ull bandwidth	of scope	
Trigger types (ETS mode)				Rising edge,	, falling edge			
Trigger sensitivity (ETS mode)			10 n	nV p-p typical	(at full bandw	idth)		
Maximum pre-trigger capture				Up to 100% o	of capture size	!		
Maximum post-trigger delay			Up to 4 billio	on samples (se	electable in 1 s	ample steps)		
Trigger rearm time			< 2 µs on fas	test timebase				test timebase
Maximum trigger rate		Up to <sup>•</sup>	10 000 wavefo	orms in a 20 n	ns burst			0 waveforms ms burst

PicoScope 3000 Series

#### PicoScope 3204 A/B PicoScope 3205 A/B

PicoScope 3206 A/B

PicoScope 3207 A/B

External trigger input							
Trigger types	Edge, pulse width, dropout, interval, logic, delayed						
Input characteristics		Front panel BNC, 1 M $\Omega$ ±1% in parallel with 13 pF ±1 pF					
Bandwidth (–3 dB)	60 MHz	100 MHz	200 MHz	250 MHz			
Threshold range		±5 V, D	C coupled				
Overvoltage protection		±100 V (D	C + AC peak)				
Function generator							
Standard output signals	Bm		re, triangle, DC voltage ssian, half-sine, white noise,	PRBS			
Standard signal frequency		DC to	o 1 MHz				
Sweep modes	Up, do	own, dual with selectable sta	rt / stop frequencies and inc	rements			
Output frequency accuracy	As oscilloscope						
Output frequency resolution		< 25 mHz					
Output voltage range		±	2 V				
Output voltage adjustments	Signal amplitude	and offset adjustable in app	roximate 1 mV steps within	overall ±2 V range			
Amplitude flatness		< 0.5 dB to	1 MHz typical				
DC accuracy		±1% of	f full scale				
SFDR		> 60 dB, 10 kHz full scale sine wave					
Output characteristics		Front panel BNC, 600 $\Omega$ output impedance					
Overvoltage protection	±20 V						
Arbitrary waveform generator (	B models only)						
Update rate		20 MS/s		100 MS/s			
Buffer size	8 kS	8 kS	16 kS	32 kS			
Resolution		12 bits (output step si	ze approximately 1 mV)				
Bandwidth		> 1	MHz				
Rise time (10% to 90%)	< 120 ns						

## Rise time (10% to 90%)

Physical specifications	

PC connectivity	USB 2.0	USB 3.0 (USB 2.0 compatible)		
Dimensions	200 mm x 140 mm x 40 mm (including connectors)			
Weight	< 0.5 kg			
Temperature range	Operating: 0 °C to 50 °C (20 °C to 30 °C for stated accuracy) Storage: –20 °C to 60 °C			
Humidity range       Operating: 5% RH to 80% RH non-condensing         Storage: 5% RH to 95% RH non-condensing				

# Detailed specifications for 4-channel models

	PicoScope	3404 A/B	PicoScope	3405 A/B	PicoScope	3406 A/B	
Vertical							
Input channels			4 channels, BN	IC single-ended			
Bandwidth (–3 dB)	60	MHz	100	100 MHz		MHz	
Rise time (calculated)	5.8	3 ns	3.5	5 ns	1.7	5 ns	
Vertical resolution			8 1	oits			
Input ranges		±	50 mV to ±20 V f	full scale in 9 range	es		
Input sensitivity		10 n	nV/div to 4 V/div	v (10 vertical divisi	ons)		
Input coupling			AC /	/ DC			
Input characteristics		1	$M\Omega \pm 1\%$ , in paral	lel with 14 pF ±1	ъF		
DC accuracy			±3% of	full scale			
Analog offset range (vertical position adjust)		±250 mV (50 mV, 100 mV, 200 mV ranges) ±2.5 V (500 mV, 1 V, 2 V ranges) ±20 V (5 V, 10 V, 20 V ranges)					
Offset adjust accuracy		±1% c		ditional to DC ac	curacy		
Overvoltage protection			±100 V (DC	C + AC Peak)			
Horizontal			× ×	,			
Maximum sampling rate (real-time)		1 GS/s (1 channel in use) 500 MS/s (2 channels in use) 250 MS/s (3 or 4 channels in use)					
Maximum equivalent-time sampling rate (repetitive signals)	2.5	GS/s	5 GS/s		10 GS/s		
Maximum sampling rate (streaming)		> 10 MS	,	Scope software lied SDK (PC-dep	endent)		
Timebase ranges (real-time)	2 ns/div to	5000 s/div	1 ns/div to	5000 s/div	500 ps/div t	o 5000 s/div	
Buffer memory	4 MS (A model)	8 MS (B model)	16 MS (A model)	32 MS (B model)	64 MS (A model)	128 MS (B model	
Buffer memory (streaming)	100 MS	5 in PicoScope soft	ware. Up to avail	able PC memory v	when using supplie	ed SDK.	
Maximum buffer segments			10	000			
Timebase accuracy			±50	ppm			
Sample jitter			< 3 ps R1	MS typical			
Triggering							
Trigger modes		Auto, nor	ne, rapid, repeat,	single (segmented	memory)		
Advanced trigger types	Edge, window,	pulse width, wind		8 ( 8	,,	ogic, runt pul	
Trigger sensitivity		•	•	•	•		
Trigger types (ETS mode)		Digital triggering provides 1 LSB accuracy up to full bandwidth of scope Rising edge, falling edge					
Trigger sensitivity (ETS mode)				(at full bandwidth	)		
Maximum pre-trigger capture			, .	of capture size	/		
Maximum post-trigger delay		Un to 4	•	electable in 1 samp	le steps)		
Trigger re-arm time				test timebase			
Maximum trigger rate			•	orms in a 20 ms bu			

PicoScope 3404 A/B

PicoScope 3405 A/B

PicoScope 3406 A/B

External trigger input Trigger types	Edge, pulse width, dropout, interval, logic, delayed						
Input characteristics	6	Front panel BNC, 1 M $\Omega$ ±1% in parallel with 14 pF ±1 pF					
Bandwidth (–3 dB)	60 MHz						
Threshold range		±5 V, DC coupled					
Overvoltage protection		±100 V (DC + AC peak)					
<b>Function generator</b>							
Standard output signals	All models: sine, square, triangle, DC voltage. B models only: ramp, sinc, Gaussian, half-sine, white noise, PRBS						
Standard signal frequency		DC to 1 MHz					
Sweep modes	Up, down, dual	with selectable start / stop frequencies	and increments				
Output frequency accuracy		As oscilloscope					
Output frequency resolution		< 10 mHz					
Output voltage range		±2 V					
Output voltage adjustments	Signal amplitude and offset adjustable in approximate 1 mV steps within overall $\pm 2$ V range						
Amplitude flatness	< 0.5 dB to 1 MHz typical						
DC accuracy		±1% of full scale					
SFDR		> 60 dB, 10 kHz full scale sine wave					
Output characteristics	Fre	ont panel BNC, 600 $\Omega$ output impedan	ce				
Overvoltage protection		±20 V					
Arbitrary waveform generator (B	models only)						
Update rate	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	20 MS/s					
Buffer size	8 kS	8 kS	16 kS				
Resolution	12	oits (output step size approximately 1 r	mV)				
Bandwidth		> 1 MHz	,				
Rise time (10% to 90%)		< 120 ns					
Probe compensation output							
Impedance		600 Ω					
Frequency		1 kHz square wave					
Level		2 V pk-pk					
<b>Physical specifications</b>							
PC connectivity		USB 2.0					
Dimensions	190 mm x 170 mm x 40 mm (including connectors)						
Weight		< 0.5 kg					
	Operating: 0 °C to 40 °C (20 °C to 30 °C for stated accuracy)						
Temperature range	Storage: -20 °C to 60 °C Operating: 5% RH to 80% RH non-condensing						

# Detailed specifications for MSO models

	PicoScope 3204D MSO	PicoScope 3205D MSO	PicoScope 3206D MSO	PicoScope 3404D MSO	PicoScope 3405D MSO	PicoScope 3406D MSO
Vertical (analog)						
Input channels	2 channels, BNC single-ended			4 channels, BNC single-ended		
Bandwidth (–3 dB)	60 MHz	100 MHz	200 MHz	60 MHz	100 MHz	200 MHz
Rise time (calculated)	5.8 ns	3.5 ns	1.75 ns	5.8 ns	3.5 ns	1.75 ns
Vertical resolution			8 I	oits		
Input ranges		±2	0 mV to ±20 V f	ull scale in 10 ran	iges	
Input sensitivity		4 m`	V/div to 4 V/div	in 10 vertical div	isions	
Input coupling			AC	/ DC		
Input characteristics		1	M $\Omega$ ±1%, in paral	lel with 14 pF ±1	pF	
DC accuracy			±3% of full s	cale ±200 μV		
Analog offset range (vertical position adjust)		±250 mV (20 mV, 50 mV, 100 mV, 200 mV ranges) ±2.5 V (500 mV, 1 V, 2 V ranges) ±20 V (5 V, 10 V, 20 V ranges)				
Offset adjust accuracy		±1% o	f offset setting, ad	ditional to DC a	ccuracy	
Overvoltage protection			±100 V (DC	C + AC peak)	*	
Vertical (digital)						
Input channels		16	channels (2 ports	s of 8 channels ea	ach)	
Input connectors			.54 mm pitch, 10		,	
Maximum input frequency			· ·	/ MHz		
Minimum detectable pulse width				ns		
put impedance (with TA136 cable)				∥ 8 pF ±2 pF		
Digital threshold range				5 V		
Input dynamic range				0 V		
Overvoltage protection				0 V		
		independent the	eshold controls: F		$^{\prime}$ ) Point 1 (D9 to	D15)
Threshold grouping Threshold selection	100	•			, .	013)
			TL, CMOS, ECL,		ed	
Threshold accuracy				D mV		
Minimum input voltage swing				V pk-pk		
Channel-to-channel skew	< 2 ns typical					
Minimum input slew rate	10 V/µs					
Horizontal						
Maximum sampling rate (real-time)	1 GS/s (1 analog channel in use) 500 MS/s (Up to 2 analog channels or digital ports* in use) 250 MS/s (Up to 4 analog channels or digital ports* in use) 125 MS/s (5 or more analog channels or digital ports* in use) *A digital port contains 8 digital channels					
Maximum equivalent-time sampling rate (repetitive signals)*	2.5 GS/s	5 GS/s	10 GS/s	2.5 GS/s	5 GS/s	10 GS/s
Maximum sampling rate (streaming)	10 MS/s in PicoScope software 125 MS/s when using the supplied SDK (PC-dependent)					
Timebase ranges	2 ns/div to 5000 s/div	1 ns/div to 5000 s/div	500 ps/div to 5000 s/div	2 ns/div to 5000 s/div	1 ns/div to 5000 s/div	500 ps/div t 5000 s/div
Buffer memory	128 MS	256 MS	512 MS	128 MS	256 MS	512 MS
Buffer memory (streaming)	100 MS i	n PicoScope soft	ware. Up to avail	able PC memory	when using supp	olied SDK.
Maximum buffer segments			10	000		
Timebase accuracy	±50 ppm	±2 ppm	±2 ppm	±50 ppm	±2 ppm	±2 ppm
Sample jitter				1S typical		

	PicoScope 3204D MSO	PicoScope 3205D MSO	PicoScope 3206D MSO	PicoScope 3404D MSO	PicoScope 3405D MSO	PicoScope 3406D MSO
Triggering (all)						
Trigger modes		Auto, nor	ie, rapid, repeat,	single (segmente	d memory)	
Advanced trigger types*	Edge, window, p	oulse width, wind	ow pulse width, d	ropout, window	dropout, interva	l, logic, runt pul
Trigger sensitivity*	E	Digital triggering p	provides 1 LSB acc	curacy up to full	bandwidth of sco	ре
Trigger types (ETS mode)*			Rising edge	, falling edge		
Trigger sensitivity (ETS mode)*		,	0 mV p-p typical	(at full bandwidt	h)	
Maximum pre-trigger capture			Up to 100% o	of capture size		
Maximum post-trigger delay		Up to 4	oillion samples (se	electable in 1 sam	ple steps)	
Trigger re-arm time			< 2 µs on fas	test timebase		
Maximum trigger rate		Up	to 10 000 wavefo	orms in a 20 ms l	ourst	
Triggering (digital)						
Source			D0 to	o D15		
Trigger types			Combined pat	ttern and edge		
Advanced triggers		Edg	ge, pulse width, di	ropout, interval,	logic	
Function generator						
Standard output signals	Sine, sc	juare, triangle, D	C voltage, ramp, s	sinc, Gaussian, ha	alf-sine, white nois	se, PRBS
Standard signal frequency			DC to	1 MHz		
Sweep modes	l	Jp, down, dual w	ith selectable star	t / stop frequen	cies and incremer	nts
Output frequency accuracy			As osci	lloscope		
Output frequency resolution			< 10	mHz		
Output voltage range			±2	2 V		
Output voltage adjustment	Signal amp	litude and offset a	adjustable in appr	oximate 1 mV st	eps within overal	±2 V range
Amplitude flatness			< 0.5 dB to 1	I MHz typical		
DC accuracy			±1% of	full scale		
SFDR			> 60 dB 10 kHz f	ull scale sine wav	e	
Output characteristics		Rea	r panel BNC, 600	) $\Omega$ output imped	lance	
Overvoltage protection			±2	0 V		
rbitrary waveform generator (A	WG)					
Update rate			201	MS/s		
Buffer size			32	kS		
Resolution		12 bit	s (output step siz	e approximately	1 mV)	
Bandwidth			> 1	MHz		
Rise time (10% to 90%)			< 12	20 ns		
Probe compensation output						
Impedance			60	0 Ω		
Frequency			1 k	κHz		
Level			2 V j	ok-pk		
Physical specifications						
PC connectivity			USB 3.0 (USB	2.0 compatible)		
Dimensions		<b>19</b> 0 mm	x 170 mm x 40 ı	mm (including co	nnectors)	
Weight			< 0.	5 kg		
Temperature range				) °C to 60 °C	. ,	
Humidity range			ting: 5% RH to 8	0% RH non-cond % RH non-conde	0	

\* analog channels only

# Common specifications for all models

#### All models

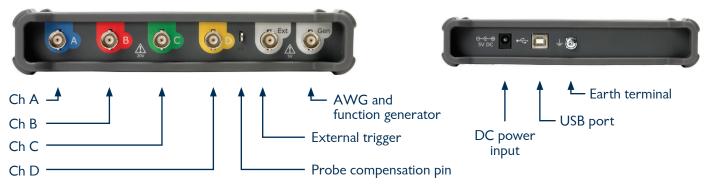
Dynamic performance					
Crosstalk	Better than 400:1 up to full bandwidth (equal voltage ranges)				
Harmonic distortion	< –50 dB at 100 kHz full scale input				
SFDR	52 dB typical				
Noise	180 µV RMS (on most sensitive range)				
Bandwidth flatness	+0.3 dB, -3 dB from DC to full bandwidth				
Spectrum analyzer					
Frequency range	DC to maximum bandwidth of scope				
Display modes	Magnitude, average, peak hold				
Windowing functions	Rectangular, Gaussian, triangular, Blackman, Blackman-Harris, Hamming, Hann, flat-top				
Number of FFT points	Selectable from 128 to 1 million in powers of 2				
Math channels					
Functions	-x, x+y, x-y, x*y, x/y, x^y, sqrt, exp, In, log, abs, norm, sign, sin, cos, tan, arcsin, arccos, arctan, sinh, cosh, tanh, freq, derivative, integral, min, max, average, peak, delay				
Operands	All input channels, reference waveforms, time, constants, $\pi$				
Automatic masurements (analog	channels only)				
Oscilloscope mode	AC RMS, true RMS, cycle time, DC average, duty cycle, falling rate, fall time, frequency, high pulse width, low pulse width, maximum, minimum, peak to peak, rise time, rising rate.				
Spectrum mode	Frequency at peak, amplitude at peak, average amplitude at peak, total power, THD %, THD dB, THD+N, SFDR, SINAD, SNR, IMD				
Statistics	Minimum, maximum, average, standard deviation				
Serial decoding					
Protocols	CAN, FlexRay, I <sup>2</sup> C, I <sup>2</sup> S, LIN, SPI, UART/RS-232				
Mask limit testing					
Statistics	Pass/fail, failure count, total count				
Display					
Interpolation	Linear or sin(x)/x				
Persistence modes	Digital color, analog intensity, custom, none				
General					
Power requirements	USB 2.0 models: powered from single USB port USB 3.0 models: powered from single USB 3.0 port or two USB 2.0 ports (dual cable supplied) For 4-channel models, use a USB port supplying at least 1200 mA, or use the AC adaptor supplied				
Safety approvals	Designed to EN 61010-1:2010				
EMC approvals	Tested to EN 61326-1:2006 and FCC Part 15 Subpart B				
Environmental approvals	RoHS and WEEE compliant				
Software included	PicoScope 6 (for Windows and Linux). Windows and Linux SDK. Example programs (C, Visual Basic, Excel VBA, LabVIEW).				
PC requirements	Microsoft Windows XP (SP3), Windows Vista, Windows 7 or Windows 8 (not Windows RT)				
Output file formats	bmp, csv, gif, jpg, mat, pdf, png, psdata, pssettings, txt				
Output functions	copy to clipboard, print				
Languages	Chinese (simplified), Chinese (traditional), Czech, Danish, Dutch, English, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hungarian, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Norwegian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Spanish, Swedish, Turkish				

# Connections

### 2-channel models



### 4-channel models

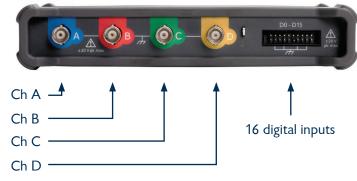


### 2-channel MSO models





### 4-channel MSO models





### Kit contents

All PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscope kits contain:

- PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscope
- Switchable x1/x10 probes (2 or 4) in carrying case
- Quick Start Guide
- Software and reference CD
- USB cable(s)\*
- AC power adaptor (selected models)\*
   \* see table below

### MSO kit contents

PicoScope 3000D MSO kits also contain:

- TA136 digital cable
- TA139 pack of 10 test clips (x2)



### Probes

All PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes are supplied with two or four probes (quantity to match the number of analog channels), which are chosen to obtain the specified system bandwidth. See the table below for more information on which probes are included and how to order additional probes.

Order code	Description	Models supplied with
MI007	60 MHz x1/x10, 1.2 m probe	3204, 3404 A, B and D MSO
TA132	150 MHz x1/x10, 1.2 m probe	3205, 3405 A, B and D MSO
TA131	250 MHz x1/x10, 1.2 m probe	3206, 3406 A, B and D MSO
TA160	250 MHz x1/x10, 1.2 m probe	3207 A and B

### USB connectivity and power

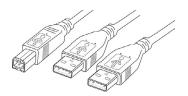
All PicoScope 3000 Series oscilloscopes are supplied with a USB 2.0 or USB 3.0 cable to match the scope's specifications. To ensure that the USB 3.0 model scopes work effectively with older USB systems, and to supply extra power for all scopes with 4 analog channels, a double-headed USB 2.0 cable is also provided with selected models. This cable enables you to use a second USB port for additional power.

For PicoScope 3000 models with 4 analog channels, the supplied AC power adaptor may be required if the USB port(s) provide less than 1200 mA.

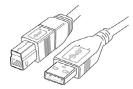
Analog channels	Scope USB connection	USB 2.0 cable	USB 2.0 double-headed cable	USB 3.0 cable	AC power adaptor
2	2.0	•			
2	3.0		•	•	
1	2.0	•	•		•
4	3.0		•	•	•



USB 2.0 cable



USB 2.0 cable, double-headed



USB 3.0 cable

### Ordering information

Order code	Model number	Description
PP708	PicoScope 3204A	60 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope
PP709	PicoScope 3204B	60 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope with AWG**
PP710	PicoScope 3205A	100 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope
PP711	PicoScope 3205B	100 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope with AWG
PP712	PicoScope 3206A	200 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope
PP713	PicoScope 3206B	200 MHz 2-channel oscilloscope with AWG
PP875	PicoScope 3207A	250 MHz 2-channel USB 3.0 oscilloscope
PP876	PicoScope 3207B	250 MHz 2-channel USB 3.0 oscilloscope with AWG
PP846	PicoScope 3404A	60 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope
PP847	PicoScope 3404B	60 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope with AWG
PP848	PicoScope 3405A	100 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope
PP849	PicoScope 3405B	100 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope with AWG
PP850	PicoScope 3406A	200 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope
PP851	PicoScope 3406B	200 MHz 4-channel oscilloscope with AWG
PP931	PicoScope 3204D MSO	60 MHz 2-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope with AWG
PP932	PicoScope 3205D MSO	100 MHz 2-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope with AWG
PP933	PicoScope 3206D MSO	200 MHz 2-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope with AWG
PP934	PicoScope 3404D MSO	60 MHz 4-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope with AWG
PP935	PicoScope 3405D MSO	100 MHz 4-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope with AWG
PP936	PicoScope 3406D MSO	200 MHz 4-channel mixed-signal oscilloscope with AWG

\*\* Arbitrary waveform generator

### More oscilloscopes in the PicoScope range...





**PicoScope** 









PicoScope 9000 Series Sampling scopes and TDR to 20 GHz



UK headquarters: Pico Technology James House Colmworth Business Park St. Neots Cambridgeshire PE19 8YP United Kingdom

+44 (0) 1480 396 395
+44 (0) 1480 396 296

- ⊠ sales@picotech.com
- ☎ +1 800 591 2796
   禺 +1 620 272 0981

**US** headquarters:

320 N Glenwood Blvd

**Pico Technology** 

**United States** 

sales@picotech.com

\*Prices correct at the time of publication. Please contact Pico Technology for the latest prices before ordering.

Tyler Texas 75702

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