# High Voltage 

## Transducers

## VariTrans P 40000

Measurement of Voltages from ( $\pm$ ) 50 mV to 3600 V and Currents from ( $\pm$ ) 100 mA to 20 kA


## VariTrans P 41000



## VariTrans P 41000

Universal high voltage transducer. Input signals from $V_{\text {in }}= \pm 50 \mathrm{mV}$ up to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}= \pm \mathbf{1 0 0} \mathrm{V}$.

## The Task

In high-voltage systems, unipolar or bipolar voltage signals ranging from 50 mV to 100 V , e.g., voltages across shunt resistors, must be galvanically isolated and converted to standard $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, or $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output signals.

## The Problems

In the case of insufficient insulation, high voltages and harsh ambient conditions may overload the galvanic isolation. This can result in false measurement values or even personal injury or damage to the equipment. These risks have to be eliminated safely and over the long term by suitably designed high voltage transducers.

## The Solution

The VariTrans P 41000 high voltage transducers have been specially conceived for measurements of bipolar voltages from millivolts to volts. They reliably isolate high potentials at the input circuit.

The separation distances are designed to withstand permanent voltages up to $3600 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ and fast transients up to 20 kV . Protection against electric shock is achieved through protective separation according to EN 61140 between input and output and power supply.

## The Housing

A new 22.5 mm wide modular housing is used for the VariTrans P 41000 high voltage transducers. It is snapped onto a standard DIN rail. The front panels of the adjustable models provide a rotary switch for selecting the ranges.

## The Advantages

The VariTrans P 41000 are available for any input voltages from $\pm 50 \mathrm{mV}$ to $\pm 100$ V. Unipolar and bipolar (standard) signals are available at the output: $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$.

16 input/output signal combinations can easily be selected with a rotary switch on the front of the device. There is no need for a complicated on-site adjustment with screwdriver, calibrator and multimeter. Drift problems due to unstable trimming components - e.g., potentiometers - are avoided. Thanks to the easy scalability of the range selection, the devices can easily be customized to individual customer solutions. Up to 16 customized signal combinations can be implemented in one device and configured optimally for the respective application.
The integrated 20 to 253 V AC/DC VariPower broad-range power supply offers maximum flexibility. This ensures trouble-free operation with alternating or direct voltages everywhere in the world and provides for maximum safety even in unstable power supply networks.
Installation is also safe and easy. Incorrect connection of the supply voltage is practically impossible. Expensive standstill times and repair work during commissioning are avoided.

Vacuum encapsulation provides maximum protection against aggressive environmental influences, shock and vibrations and ensures that the high disruptive strength required for working voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC is maintained over the long term. The isolation system meets the safety requirements of EN 61010-1 and EN 50124-1 (Railway applications: Insulation coordination).

## High Voltage Transducers

## The Technology

In this series, Knick relies on the newly developed TransShield technology, which compared to conventional designs enables very compact high-voltage transformers with low leakage. Thanks to the resulting space advantage, the P 41000 shunt isolators can be installed in an only 22.5 mm wide modular housing.
Another major advantage offered by this technology: High transient overvoltages (common-mode interference) are reliably isolated and cause hardly any measurement errors at the output.

To guarantee the specified isolation capabilities, $100 \%$ of the devices are subjected to routine testing with 15 kV AC (fixed-range models) or 10 kV AC (switchable models).
Circuit design and device construction ensure excellent transmission characteristics, which are reflected in zero point stability, linearity, long-term stability, frequency response, and immunity to interference. The high cutoff frequency ensures distortion-free signal conversion. The output signal follows fast changes in the input signal almost without delay.



EH[

## Facts and Features

## - Universal high voltage transducers

for converting voltages, e.g. in shunt applications, from $\pm 50 \mathrm{mV}$ up to $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V}$ to impressed $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $4 . . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output signals.

- New TransShield technology
enables extremely compact modular housings
- Working voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC
- Protection against electric shock
with protective separation up to 1800 V AC/DC according to EN 61140
- Test voltages up to 15 kV AC


## - Excellent

 transmission properties:- Gain error < $0.1 \%$
- Cutoff frequency 5 kHz (low-pass filter / lower cutoff frequency on request)
- Rise time $\mathrm{T}_{90}$ approx. $110 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- Virtually no influence from common-mode voltages:
CMRR > 150 dB
- High immunity to transient interference:
T-CMRR > 115 dB
- Tremendous flexibility provided by
- calibrated switching of up to 16 input/output ranges (working voltage up to 2200 V )
- up to 16 customer-specific measuring ranges
-20 V to $253 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ broad-range power supply


## - Reliable function even with unstable supply

## - No damage in the case of errone-

 ous power connection- Switchable models
minimize required device variants and save stockkeeping costs


## - Robust

thanks to vacuum encapsulation

## - Suitable for DC railway

 systemsup to 3000 V DC

## - Mechanically stable

for operation on ships, rail vehicles and land crafts

- 5-year warranty



## VariTrans P 41000

Product Line

| Device | Input | Output | Order No. | Order No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Working voltage $\leq 2.2$ kV AC/DC <br> Test voltage: 10 kV AC | Working voltage $\leq 3.6$ kV AC/DC <br> Test voltage: 15 kV AC |
| VariTrans P 41000 Input and output adjustable | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 60 / 90 / 150 / 300 / \\ & 500 \mathrm{mV} / 10 \mathrm{~V}^{1} \text { ), } \\ & \text { switchable } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { and } 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \text {, } \\ & \text { switchable } \end{aligned}$ | P41000 D1 | - |
| VariTrans P 41000 with fixed settings | $\pm 60 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41056 D1 | P 41156 D1 |
|  | $\pm 60 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41059 D1 | P 41159 D1 |
|  | $0 \ldots 60 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41057 D1 | P 41157 D1 |
|  | $\pm 60 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41058 D1 | P 41158 D1 |
|  | $\pm 90 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41046 D1 | P 41146 D1 |
|  | $\pm 90 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41049 D1 | P 41149 D1 |
|  | $0 \ldots 90 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41047 D1 | P 41147 D1 |
|  | $\pm 90 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41048 D1 | P 41148 D1 |
|  | $\pm 150 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41066 D1 | P 41166 D1 |
|  | $\pm 150 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41069 D1 | P 41169 D1 |
|  | $0 \ldots 150 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41067 D1 | P 41167 D1 |
|  | $\pm 150 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41068 D1 | P 41168 D1 |
|  | $\pm 300 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41076 D1 | P 41176 D1 |
|  | $\pm 300 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41079 D1 | P 41179 D1 |
|  | $0 \ldots 300 \mathrm{mV}$ | 4... 20 mA | P 41077 D1 | P 41177 D1 |
|  | $\pm 300 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41078 D1 | P 41178 D1 |
|  | $\pm 500 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41086 D1 | P 41186 D1 |
|  | $\pm 500 \mathrm{mV}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41089 D1 | P 41189 D1 |
|  | $0 \ldots 500 \mathrm{mV}$ | 4... 20 mA | P 41087 D1 | P 41187 D1 |
|  | $\pm 500 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41088 D1 | P 41188 D1 |
|  | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41096 D1 | P 41196 D1 |
|  | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41099 D1 | P 41199 D1 |
|  | 0... 1 V | $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41097 D1 | P 41197 D1 |
|  | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41098 D1 | P 41198 D1 |
|  | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | P 41036 D1 | P 41136 D1 |
|  | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ | P 41038 D1 | P 41138 D1 |
| VariTrans P 41000 adjusted to customer requirements | $\pm 50 \mathrm{mV} . . .100 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> one or more ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{2)}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA},$ <br> $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, one or more ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{2)}$ | P 41000 D1-nnnn | - |
|  | $\pm 50 \mathrm{mV} \ldots 100 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> fixed, to customer requirement ${ }^{2)}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA},$ <br> $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, fixed, to customer requirements ${ }^{2)}$ | P 41000 D1-nnnn | P 41100 D1-nnnn |

"Specific Test Report" included in shipment
Power supply
20 ... 253 V AC/DC

[^0]
## High Voltage Transducers

## Specifications

| Input |
| :--- |
| Inputs ${ }^{11}$ |
|  |
|  |


| P 41000 D1 | $\pm 60 \mathrm{mV}, \pm 90 \mathrm{mV}, \pm 150 \mathrm{mV}, \pm 300 \mathrm{mV}, \pm 500 \mathrm{mV}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, bipolar; <br> calibrated switching; factory setting: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| P 41000 D1-nnnn | $50 \mathrm{mV} . .2200 \mathrm{~V}$, unipolar/bipolar; 1 to 16 ranges to customer <br> requirements, calibrated switching |
| P 41100 D1-nnnn | $50 \mathrm{mV} . . .100 \mathrm{~V}$, unipolar/bipolar; fixed setting according to customer <br> requirements |
| Range $\leq 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | Approx. $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| Range $>0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $>2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |

Output
Output

| Displacement |
| :--- |
| Load |
| Offset |
| Residual ripple |

## Transmission Behavior

| Gain error |
| :--- |
| Cutoff frequency ( -3 dB ) |
| Response time $\mathrm{T}_{90}$ |
| Common-mode rejection ratio |

Temperature coefficient ${ }^{4)}$

## Power Supply

Power supply

| $<0.1 \%$ meas. value |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 kHz optional factory setting: 10 Hz |  |  |
| Approx. $110 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |  |
| Input range $\leq 1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\mathrm{CMRR}^{2)}$ | approx. $150 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{DC/AC}: 50 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
|  | $\left.\mathrm{T}^{2} \mathrm{CMRR}^{3}\right)$ | approx. $115 \mathrm{~dB}(1000 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{tr}=1 \mu \mathrm{~S})$ |
| Input range $>1 \mathrm{~V}$ | CMRR $^{2)}$ | AC: approx. 150 dB |
|  |  |  |

< 0.005 \%/K full scale

| P 41000 D1 | $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ unipolar/bipolar and $4 \ldots 2 \mathrm{~mA}$; calibrated switching, <br> factory setting: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| P 41000 D1-nnnn | $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ unipolar/bipolar and/or $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, <br> calibrated switching, according to customer requirements |
| P 41100 D1-nnnn | $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ unipolar/bipolar or $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$; fixed setting, <br> according to customer requirements |
| Up to $\pm 150 \%$ by default |  |
| With output current | $\leq 12 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{(600} \Omega$ at 20 mA$)$ |
| With output voltage | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~mA}(1000 \Omega$ at 10 V$)$ |
| $<20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ or 10 mV |  |
| $<10 \mathrm{mV}$ rms |  |

$<10 \mathrm{mV}_{\text {rms }}$

[^1]
## VariTrans P 41000

## Specifications

| Isolation |
| :--- |
| Galvanic isolation |
| Test voltage |
|  |
| Working voltage (basic insulation) |
| according to EN 61010-1 |

Rated insulation voltage according to EN 50124-1

Rated voltage
acc. to UL 347

| 3-port isolation between input, output, and power supply |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Calibrated switching | 10 kV AC input against output and power supply |
| Fixed setting (model P411xxD1) | 15 kV AC ainput against output and power supply |
| All models | 4 kV AC output against power supply |
| Calibrated switching | Up to 2200 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2, input against output / power supply (transient overvoltage: max. 13.5 kV ) |
| Fixed setting (model P411xxD1) | Up to 3600 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2, input against output / power supply (transient overvoltage: max. 20 kV ) |
| Calibrated switching | Up to 2200 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2, input against output / power supply |
| Fixed setting | Up to 3000 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2, input against output / power supply |
| Calibrated switching | Protective separation according to EN 61140 through reinforced insulation according to EN 61010-1. Working voltages with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2 : <br> - up to 1100 V AC/DC input against output / power supply <br> - up to 300 V AC/DC across output and power supply |
| Fixed setting (model P411xxD1) | Protective separation according to EN 61140 by reinforced insulation according to EN 61010-1. Working voltages with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2 : <br> - up to 1800 V AC/DC input against output / power supply <br> - up to 300 V AC/DC across output and power supply |
| For applications with high working voltages, take measures to prevent accidental contact and make sure that there is sufficient distance or insulation between adjacent devices. |  |
| P410 ...: | 2200 V AC ( 45 ... 65 Hz ) / DC |
| P411...: | 3600 V AC ( 45 ... 65 Hz ) / DC |
| Input impedance: | $<50 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |
| BIL (rated lightning impulse withstand): | 30 kV |
| Overvoltage category | OV3 |
| Pollution degree | PD2 |
| Contains no components requiring maintenance. Use copper cables only. |  |

## Standards and Approvals

| $\overline{\text { EMC }}{ }^{5)}$ |
| :--- |
| $\overline{\text { UL }}$ |
| Mechanical strength |
| RoHS conformity |


| Product family standard: | EN 61326 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Emitted interference: | Class B |
| Immunity to interference: | Industrial applications |
| Listed acc. to UL 347 | E356768 |
| IEC 61373 |  |
| According to directive 2011/65/EU |  |

## High Voltage Transducers

## Specifications

## Further Data

MTBF6)

Ambient conditions
$\overline{\text { Design }} \overline{\text { Connection }}$

Connection

| Tightening torque |
| :--- |
| Ingress protection |
| Mounting |
| Weight |



1) Up to 500 mV input voltage with shunt monitoring on request
2) Common-mode rejection ratio = Differential voltage gain / Common-mode voltage gain
${ }^{3)}$ Transient Common-Mode Rejection Ratio = Differential DC gain / Common-mode transient peak value gain
3) Reference temperature for $T C$ specifications $=23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, average TC
${ }^{5)}$ Slight deviations are possible while there is interference
4) Mean Time Between Failures - MTBF - according to EN 61709 (SN 29500)

Preconditions: stationary operation in well-kept rooms, average ambient temperature $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$,
no ventilation, continuous operation
${ }^{7}$ ) Extended operating temperature range $-25 . . .+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on request
${ }^{8)}$ Closed, weather-protected operating areas. Water or wind-driven precipitation (rain, snow, hail, etc.) excluded
${ }^{9}$ Lower air pressure reduces the allowable working voltages.

## VariTrans P 41000

## Block Diagram



## Typical Application

Current measurement via shunt resistor


## High Voltage Transducers

Dimension Drawing and Terminal Assignments, Type D1


## Terminal Assignments




## VariTrans P 42000



## VariTrans P 42000

Universal high voltage transducer. Input voltages up to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}= \pm 3600 \mathrm{~V}$.

## The Task

In high-voltage systems, unipolar or bipolar voltage signals ranging from 100 V to 3600 V must be galvanically isolated and converted to standard $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $4 . . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output signals.

## The Problems

In the case of insufficient insulation, high voltages and harsh ambient conditions may overload the galvanic isolation. This can result in false measurement values or even personal injury or damage to the equipment. These risks have to be eliminated safely and over the long term by suitably designed high voltage transducers.

## The Solution

The VariTrans P 42000 high voltage transducers have been specially conceived for measuring high voltages up to $3600 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC}$. They reliably isolate high potentials at the input circuit. The separation distances are designed to withstand permanent voltages up to $3600 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ and fast transients up to 20 kV . Protection against electric shock is achieved through protective separation according to EN 61140 between input and output and power supply.

## The Housing

A new 67.5 mm wide modular housing is used for the VariTrans P 42000 high voltage transducers. For measurement voltages up to 2200 V , a more compact housing with 45 mm width can be used. It is snapped onto a standard DIN rail. The front panels of the adjustable models provide a rotary switch for selecting the ranges.

## The Advantages

The VariTrans P 42000 are available for any input voltages from $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\pm 3600$ V. Unipolar and bipolar (standard) signals are available at the output: $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$. 16 input/output signal combinations can easily be selected with a rotary switch on the front of the device. There is no need for a complicated on-site adjustment with screwdriver, calibrator and multimeter. Drift problems due to unstable trimming components - e.g., potentiometers - are avoided. Thanks to the easy scalability of the range selection, the devices can easily be customized to individual customer solutions. Up to 16 customized signal combinations can be implemented in one device and configured optimally for the respective application.

The integrated 20 to 253 V AC/DC VariPower broad-range power supply offers maximum flexibility. This ensures trouble-free operation with alternating or direct voltages everywhere in the world and provides for maximum safety even in unstable power supply networks. Installation is also safe and easy. Incorrect connection of the supply voltage is practically impossible. Expensive standstill times and repair work during commissioning are avoided.
Vacuum encapsulation provides maximum protection against aggressive environmental influences, shock and vibrations and ensures that the high disruptive strength required for working voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC is maintained over the long term. The isolation system meets the safety requirements of EN 61010-1 and EN 50124-1 (Railway applications: Insulation coordination).

## High Voltage Transducers

## The Technology

In this series, Knick relies on the newly developed TransShield technology, which compared to conventional designs enables very compact high-voltage transformers with low leakage. Thanks to the resulting space savings, a just 67.5 mm wide modular housing is sufficient for input voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC.

To guarantee the specified isolation capabilities, $100 \%$ of the devices are subjected to routine testing with 15 kV AC (fixed-range models) or 10 kV AC (switchable models).
Circuit design and device construction ensure excellent transmission characteristics, which are reflected in zero point stability, linearity, long-term stability, frequency response, and immunity to interference. The high cutoff frequency ensures distortion-free signal conversion. The output signal follows fast changes in the input signal almost without delay.

## Facts and Features

- Universal high voltage transducers
for converting input voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC to impressed $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, or $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output signals
- New TransShield technology enables extremely compact modular housings
- Working voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC
- Protection against electric shock
with protective separation up to 1800 V AC/DC according to EN 61140
- Test voltages up to 15 kV AC


## - Excellent

 transmission properties:- Gain error < 0.3 \%
- Cutoff frequency 5 kHz (low-pass filter / lower cutoff frequency on request)
- Rise time $\mathrm{T}_{90}$ approx. $110 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- Maximum accuracy
- Tremendous flexibility provided by
- calibrated switching of up to 16 input/output ranges (working voltage up to 2200 V )
- up to 16 customer-specific measuring ranges
- 20 V to 253 V AC/DC broad-range power supply


## - Reliable function

even with unstable power supply

## - No damage

in the case of erroneous power connection

## - Switchable models

minimize required device variants and save stockkeeping costs

## - Robust

thanks to vacuum encapsulation

- Suitable for DC railway systems
up to 3000 V DC


## - Mechanically stable

for operation on ships, rail vehicles and land crafts

- 5-year warranty



## VariTrans P 42000

## Product Line

| Devices | Input | Output | Working voltage | Test voltage | Order No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input and output adjustable | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 800 / \pm 1000 / \\ & \pm 1500 / \pm 2000 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \text { calibrated switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { and } 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \text { calibrated switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 42000 D2 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 400 / \pm 600 / \pm 800 / \\ & \pm 1000 / \pm 1200 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \text { calibrated switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { and } 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \\ & \text { calibrated switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 42000 D3 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1400 / \pm 1600 / \pm 1800 \\ & \pm 2000 / \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \text { calibrated switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { and } 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \text {, } \\ & \text { switchable } \end{aligned}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 42001 D3 |
| VariTrans P 42000 adjusted to customer requirements | $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V} . . . \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> 1 to 16 switchable calibrated ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, <br> one or more ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 42000 D2-nnnn |
|  | $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V} . . . \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> 1 to 16 switchable calibrated ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> and $4 \ldots \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, <br> one or more ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 42000 D3-nnnn |
|  | $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V} . . . \pm 3600 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> fixed setting, to customer requirements ${ }^{1}$ ) | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ or 4 ... 20 mA , fixed setting, to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\leq 3.6$ kV AC/DC | 15 kV AC | P 42100 D3-nnnn |

"Specific Test Report" included in shipment

Power supply
20 ... 253 V AC/DC
${ }^{1)}$ Please specify the desired setting on the order

## High Voltage Transducers

Specifications

| Input |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inputs | P 42000 D2 | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 800 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1500 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 2000 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \text { calibrated switching, factory setting: } \pm 2000 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | P 42000 D3 | $\pm 400 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 600 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 800 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1000 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1200 \mathrm{~V} ;$ <br> calibrated switching, factory setting: $\pm 1200 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | P 42001 D3 | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1400 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1600 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 1800 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 2000 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V} ; \\ & \text { calibrated switching, factory setting: } \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | P42000 D2-nnnn | $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V} . . . \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V}, 1$ to 16 ranges to customer requirements, calibrated switching |
|  | P 42000 D3-nnnn | $\pm 100 \mathrm{~V} . . . \pm 2200 \mathrm{~V}, 1$ to 16 ranges to customer requirements, calibrated switching |
|  | P42100 D3-nnnn | $\pm 100$ V ... $\pm 3600$ V, fixed setting, to customer requirements |
| Input resistance | P 42000 D2 | $7.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
|  | P 42000 D3 | $7.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
|  | P 42001 D3 | $14 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
|  | P 42000 Dx-nnnn | $100 . . .900 \mathrm{~V}$ DC 3.6 M |
|  |  | 400 ... 1400 V DC $7.2 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
|  |  | 1000 ... 2200 V DC $14 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ |
| Input capacitance | <10 pF |  |
| Overload capacity | P 42000 D2 | $20 \%$ full scale, max. $\pm 2400 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | P 42x00 D3 | $20 \%$ full scale, max. $\pm 3900 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Output |  |  |
| Output | P 42000 D2 | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ calibr. switching, factory setting: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | P 42000 D3 | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ calibr. switching, factory setting: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | P 42001 D3 | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ calibr. switching, factory setting: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | P 42000 D2-nnnn | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and/or $4 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~mA}$, calibrated switching |
|  | P 42000 D3-nnnn | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and/or $4 \ldots 5 \mathrm{~mA}$, calibrated switching |
|  | P 42100 D3-nnnn | $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$; fixed setting, to customer requirements |
| Displacement | Up to $\pm 150 \%$ by defaut |  |
| Load | With output current | $\leq 12 \mathrm{~V}$ (600 $\Omega$ at 20 mA$)$ |
|  | With output voltage | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~mA}(1000 \Omega$ at 10 V$)$ |
| Offset | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ or 10 mV |  |
| Residual ripple | $<10 \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{rms}}$ |  |

## Transmission Behavior

| $\overline{\text { Gain error }}$ |
| :--- |
| Cutoff frequency (-3 dB) |
| Response time $\mathrm{T}_{90}$ |
| Temperature coefficient ${ }^{1)}$ |

## Power Supply

Power supply

| $<0.3 \%$ meas. value |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 kHz | optional factory setting: 10 Hz |
| Approx. $110 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |
| $<0.01 \% / \mathrm{K}$ full scale |  |

[^2]
## VariTrans P 42000

## Specifications

| Isolation |
| :--- |
| Galvanic isolation |
| Test voltage |
|  |
| Working voltage (basic insulation) |
| according to EN 61010-1 |

Rated insulation voltage according to EN 50124-1

Protection against electric shock

## Rated voltage

acc. to UL 347

## Standards and Approvals

| EMC ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | Product family standard: | EN 61326 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Emitted interference: | Class B |
|  | Immunity to interference: | Industrial applications |
| UL | Listed acc. to UL 347 |  |
|  | E356768 |  |
| Mechanical strength | IEC 61373 |  |
| RoHS conformity | According to directive 2011/65/EU |  |

## High Voltage Transducers

## Specifications

| Further Data |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MTBF3) | Approx. 96 years |
| Ambient temperature ${ }^{4)}$ | Operation: $\quad-10 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Transport and storage: $\quad-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Ambient conditions | Indoor use ${ }^{5)}$; relative humidity $5 \ldots 95 \%$, no condensation; max. altitude 2000 m (air pressure: $790 \ldots 1060 \mathrm{hPa})^{6}$ ) |
| Design | Modular housing Housing width D2: 45 mm <br> with screw terminals Housing width D3: 67.5 mm <br>  See dimension drawings for other measurements. |
| Connection | M 3.5 screw terminals with self-lifting clamps Conductor cross section max. $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or $1 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded with ferrule, $\mathrm{min} .1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or stranded with ferrule |
| Tightening torque | 0.6 Nm |
| Ingress protection | Housing: IP 40, terminals: IP 20 |
| Mounting | With snap-on mounting for 35 mm DIN rail according to EN 60715 |
| Weight | D2: approx. 350 g <br> D3: approx. 500 g |

1) Reference temperature for TC specifications $=23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, average TC
2) Slight deviations are possible while there is interference.
3) Mean Time Between Failures - MTBF - according to EN 61709 (SN 29500)

Preconditions: stationary operation in well-kept rooms, average ambient temperature $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, no ventilation, continuous operation
4) Extended temperature range $-25 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on request
${ }^{5)}$ Closed, weather-protected operating areas. Water or wind-driven precipitation (rain, snow, hail etc.) excluded
${ }^{6)}$ Lower air pressure reduces the allowable working voltages.

## Block Diagram



## VariTrans P 42000

## Typical Application

Direct measurement of supply voltage


Dimension Drawing and Terminal Assignments, Type D2


## Terminal Assignments

| 11 Input + Voltage | M 3.5 screw terminals with self-lifting clamps <br> Conductor cross-section max. $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ <br> solid or $1 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded with ferrule, |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15 Input - Voltage | min. $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or stranded with ferrule |
| 16 Po not use | For voltage output, place jumper <br> across terminals 25 and 26. |
| 20 Power supply AC/DC | Do not use a jumper for current output <br> (remove pre-installed jumper). |
| 25 Output + Current |  |
| 26 Output + Voltage |  |
| 27 Output - Current |  |

## High Voltage Transducers

Dimension Drawing and Terminal Assignments, Type D3


## Terminal assignments

15 Input - Voltage
23 Input + Voltage $(\leq 3600 \mathrm{~V})$
11 Power supply AC/DC
28 Power supply AC/DC
37 Output + Current
38 Output + Voltage -
39 Output - Current
40 Output - Voltage

M 3.5 screw terminals with self-lifting clamps
Conductor cross-section max. $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
solid or $1 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded with ferrule,
$\min .1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or stranded with ferrule

For voltage output, place jumper
across terminals 37 and 38 .
Do not use a jumper for current output
(remove pre-installed jumper).


## VariTrans P 43000



## VariTrans P 43000

Universal high voltage transducer. Input currents up to $\operatorname{lin}=5 \mathrm{~A}$.

## The Task

In high-voltage systems, unipolar or bipolar currents ranging from 100 mA to 5 A must be galvanically isolated and converted to standard $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}$, $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ or $4 . . .20 \mathrm{~mA}$ output signals.

## The Problems

In the case of insufficient insulation, high voltages and harsh ambient conditions may overload the galvanic isolation. This can result in false measurement values or even personal injury or damage to the equipment. These risks have to be eliminated safely and over the long term by suitably designed high voltage transducers.

## The Solution

The VariTrans P 43000 high voltage transducers have been specially conceived for direct measurement of currents up to 5 A AC/DC. They reliably isolate high potentials at the input circuit.

The separation distances are designed to withstand permanent voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC and fast transients up to 20 kV . Protection against electric shock is achieved through protective separation according to EN 61140 between input and output and power supply.

## The Housing

A new 45 mm wide modular housing is used for the VariTrans P 43000 high voltage transducers. It is snapped onto a standard DIN rail.
The front panels of the adjustable models provide a rotary switch for selecting the ranges.

## The Advantages

The VariTrans P 43000 are available for any input currents from $\pm 100 \mathrm{~mA}$ to $\pm 5$ A. Unipolar and bipolar (standard) signals are available at the output: $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ and $4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA}$. 16 input/output signal combinations can easily be selected with a rotary switch on the front of the device. There is no need for a complicated on-site adjustment with screwdriver, calibrator and multimeter. Drift problems due to unstable trimming components - e.g., potentiometers - are avoided. Thanks to the easy scalability of the range selection, the devices can easily be customized to individual customer solutions. Up to 16 customized signal combinations can be implemented in one device and configured optimally for the respective application.

The integrated 20 to $253 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ VariPower broad-range power supply offers maximum flexibility. This ensures trouble-free operation with alternating or direct voltages everywhere in the world and provides for maximum safety even in unstable power supply networks. Installation is also safe and easy. Incorrect connection of the supply voltage is practically impossible. Expensive standstill times and repair work during commissioning are avoided.

Vacuum encapsulation provides maximum protection against aggressive environmental influences, shock and vibrations and ensures that the high disruptive strength required for working voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC is maintained over the long term. The isolation system meets the safety requirements of EN 61010-1 and EN 50124-1 (Railway applications: Insulation coordination).

## High Voltage Transducers

## The Technology

In this series, Knick relies on the newly developed TransShield technology, which compared to conventional designs enables very compact high-voltage transformers with low leakage. Thanks to the resulting space savings, a just 45 mm wide modular housing is sufficient for input currents up to 5 A AC/DC. Another major advantage offered by this technology: High transient overvoltages (common-mode interference) are reliably isolated and cause hardly any measurement errors at the output.

To guarantee the specified isolation capabilities, $100 \%$ of the devices are subjected to routine testing with 15 kV AC (fixed-range models) or 10 kV AC (switchable models).

Circuit design and device construction ensure excellent transmission characteristics, which are reflected in zero point stability, linearity, long-term stability, frequency response, and immunity to interference. The high cutoff frequency ensures distortion-free signal conversion. The output signal follows fast changes in the input signal almost without delay.


## Facts and Features

## - Universal high voltage

 transducersfor converting input currents up to 5 A to impressed $\pm 20 \mathrm{~mA}, \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$, or 4 ... 20 mA output signals

## - New TransShield technology

enables extremely compact modular housings

## - Working voltages up to 3600 V AC/DC

- Protection against electric shock
with protective separation up to 1800 V AC/DC
according to EN 61140
- Test voltages up to 15 kV AC
- Excellent transmission properties:
- Gain error < 0.3 \%
- Cutoff frequency 5 kHz
(low-pass filter / lower cutoff frequency on request)
- Rise time T90 approx. $110 \mu \mathrm{~s}$


## - Tremendous flexibility provided by

- calibrated switching of up to 16 input/output ranges (working voltage up to 2200 V )
- up to 16 customer-specific measuring ranges
-20 V to 253 V AC/DC broad-range power supply
- Reliable function
even with unstable power supply
- No damage
in the case of erroneous power connection



## - Switchable models

minimize required device variants and save stockkeeping costs

## - Robust

thanks to vacuum encapsulation

## - Mechanically stable

for operation on ships, rail vehicles and land crafts

- 5-year warranty


## VariTrans P 43000

## Product Line

| Devices | Input | Output | Working voltage | Test voltage | Order No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VariTrans P 43000 Input and output adjustable | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1 / \pm 1,5 / \pm 2 / \pm 3 / \\ & \pm 5 \text { A, calibrated } \\ & \text { switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA} \\ & \text { and } 4 \ldots 20 \mathrm{~mA} \text {, } \\ & \text { calibrated switching } \end{aligned}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 43000 D2 |
| VariTrans P 43000 adjusted to customer requirements | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~A} . . . \pm 5 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> 1 to 16 switchable calibrated ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA},$ <br> 4 ... 20 mA , one or more ranges to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\leq 2.2 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{AC/DC}$ | 10 kV AC | P 43000 D2-nnnn |
|  | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \ldots \pm 5 \mathrm{~A},$ <br> fixed setting, to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 20 \mathrm{~mA},$ <br> 4 ... 20 mA , <br> fixed setting, to customer requirements ${ }^{1)}$ | $\leq 3.6$ kV AC/DC | 15 kV AC | P 43100 D2-nnnn |

Power supply
20 ... 253 V AC/DC

1) Please specify the desired setting on the order

## Specifications

| Input | P 43000 D2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inputs |  | $\pm 1 \mathrm{~A}, \pm 1,5 \mathrm{~A}, \pm 2 \mathrm{~A}, \pm 3 \mathrm{~A}, \pm 5 \mathrm{~A}$, calibrated switching, factory setting: $\pm 5 \mathrm{~A}$ |
|  | P 43000 D2-nnnn | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~A} \ldots \pm 5 \mathrm{~A}, 1$ to 16 ranges to customer requirements, calibrated switching |
|  | P43100 D2-nnnn | 0,1 A ... 5 A, unipolar/bipolar; fixed setting, to customer requirements |
| Input resistance | $<0.6 \Omega$ |  |
| Input capacitance | Approx. 1 nF |  |
| Overload capacity | 20 \% full scale |  |
| Output |  |  |
| Output | P 43000 D2 | $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ unipolar/bipolar and 4 ... 20 mA ; calibrated switching, factory setting: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | P 43000 D2-nnnn | $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ unipolar/bipolar and/or 4 ... 20 mA , calibrated switching, to customer requirements |
|  | P 43100 D2-nnnn | $20 \mathrm{~mA}, 10 \mathrm{~V}$ unipolar/bipolar or 4 ... 20 mA ; fixed setting, to customer requirements |
| Displacement | Up to $\pm 150 \%$ by default |  |
| Load | With output current | $\leq 12 \mathrm{~V}(600 \Omega$ at 20 mA$)$ |
|  | With output voltage | $\leq 10 \mathrm{~mA}(1000 \Omega$ at 10 V$)$ |
| Offset | $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ or 10 mV |  |
| Residual ripple | $<10 \mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{rms}}$ |  |
| Transmission Behavior |  |  |
| Gain error | <0.3 \% meas. value |  |
| Cutoff frequency (-3 dB) | Approx. 5 kHz ; optional factory setting: 10 Hz |  |
| Common-mode rejection ratio | CMRR ${ }^{1)}$ | DC: approx. 160 dB |
|  |  | AC 50 Hz : approx. 120 dB |

## High Voltage Transducers

## Specifications

## Power Supply

Power supply
$20 \ldots 253 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{DC} \quad \mathrm{AC} 48 \ldots 62 \mathrm{~Hz}$, approx. 2 VA ; max. approx. 1.2 W

| $\overline{\text { Isolation }}$ |
| :--- |
| Test voltage |
| Working voltage (basic insulation) <br> according to EN 61010-1 |
| Rated insulation voltage |
| according to EN 50124-1 |
| Protection against electric shock |

## Standards and Approvals

| $\mathrm{EMC}^{3)}$ |
| :--- |
| Further Data |
| MTBF $^{4)}$ |
| Ambient temperature ${ }^{5)}$ |
| Design |
| Ingress protection |
| Mounting |
| Weight |


| 3-port isolation betwee | put, output, and power supply |
| :---: | :---: |
| Calibrated switching | 10 kV AC input against output and power supply |
| Fixed setting (model P43100D2-nnnn) | 15 kV AC input against output and power supply |
| All models | 4 kV AC output against power supply |
| Calibrated switching | Up to 2200 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2. Input against output / power supply (transient overvoltage: 13.5 kV ) |
| Fixed setting (model P43100D2-nnnn) | Up to 3600 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2. Input against output / power supply (transient overvoltage: 20 kV ) |
| Calibrated switching | Up to 2200 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2. Input against output / power supply |
| Fixed setting (model P43100D2-nnnn) | Up to 3000 V AC/DC with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2 . Input against output / power supply |
| Calibrated switching | Protective separation according to EN 61140 by reinforced insulation according to EN 61010-1. Working voltages with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2 : <br> - up to 1100 V AC/DC input against output / power supply <br> - up to 300 V AC/DC across output and power supply |
| Fixed setting (model P43100D2-nnnn) | Protective separation according to EN 61140 by reinforced insulation according to EN 61010-1. Working voltages with overvoltage category III and pollution degree 2 : <br> - up to 1800 V AC/DC input against output / power supply <br> - up to 300 V AC/DC across output and power supply |
| For applications with hig sure that there is sufficie | working voltages, take measures to prevent accidental contact and make nt distance or insulation between adjacent devices. |

Product family standard: EN 61326
Emitted interference: Class B
Immunity to
interference: Industrial applications

| Approx. 96 years |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operation: | $-10 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Transport and storage: | $-40 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Modular housing with | D 2 housing width: 45.0 mm |
| screw terminals |  |
| See dimension drawings for other measurements. |  |
| Housing: IP 40 | Terminals: IP 20 |
| With snap-on mounting for 35 mm DIN rail according to EN 60715 |  |
| Approx. 350 g |  |

[^3]
## VariTrans P 43000

## Block Diagram



## Typical Application

Direct measurement with a high input potential


## High Voltage Transducers

## Dimension Drawing and Terminal Assignments



## Terminal assignments

$13 \mathrm{n} / \mathrm{c}$
14 Input + Current
15 Input - Current $(\leq 5 \mathrm{~A})$
16 Input - Current $(\leq 2 \mathrm{~A})$
19 Power supply AC/DC
20 Power supply AC/DC
25 Output + Current
26 Output + Voltage
27 Output - Current
28 Output - Voltage

M 3.5 screw terminals with self-lifting clamps
Conductor cross-section max. $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
solid or $1 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ stranded with ferrule,
$\mathrm{min} .1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ solid or stranded with ferrule

For voltage output, place jumper
across terminals 25 and 26 .
Do not use a jumper for current output (remove pre-installed jumper).

## Knick >



## Interface Technology

- Transducers for Railway Applications
- High Voltage Transducers
- Universal Isolated Signal Conditioners
- Isolated Standard Signal Conditioners
- Temperature Transmitters
- Loop-Powered Isolators for Standard Signals
- Transducers for shunt applications
- Repeater Power Supplies
- Universal Transmitter


## Knick

Elektronische Messgeräte
GmbH \& Co. KG
Beuckestraße 22, 14163 Berlin, Germany
Phone: +49 30 80191-0
Fax: +49 30 80191-200
info@knick.de•www.knick.de


[^0]:    ${ }^{1)}$ ) Input $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ only switchable with output $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$
    2) Please specify the desired setting on the order

[^1]:    20 ... 253 V AC/DC AC 48 ... 62 Hz , approx. 2 VA; max. approx. 1.2 W

[^2]:    20 ... 253 V AC/DC AC 48 ... 62 Hz , approx. 2 VA ; max. approx. 1.2 W

[^3]:    1) Common-mode rejection ratio $=$ Differential voltage gain $/$ Common-mode voltage gain
    2) Reference temperature for $T C$ specifications $=23^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the average $T C$ is specified
    3) Slight deviations are possible while there is interference.
    4) Mean Time Between Failures - MTBF - according to EN 61709 (SN 29500)

    Preconditions: stationary operation in well-kept rooms, average ambient temperature $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, no ventilation, continuous operation
    5) Extended temperature range $-25 \ldots+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ on request

